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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY  
 T.Y.B.A. (ADVANCED) (SIXTH SEMESTER) (CBCS) EXAMINATION 2016  
 Monday, 4<sup>th</sup> April, 2016  
 2.30 To 4.30 p.m.

UA06EEPS01: Psychopathology – II

Total Marks: 60  
15marks

Q.1 Multiple choice questions

1. Schizophrenia is a mental disorder that affects:
 

a. Thought	b. Mood	c. Judgment	d. All of the above
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2. Individuals with these disorders often appear anxious or fearful.
 

a. Cluster A	b. Cluster B	c. Cluster C	
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3. A delusion is a fixed false belief.
 

a. True	b. False
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4. Who proposed the concept of the 'fully-functioning person'?
 

a. John Watson	b. Sigmund Freud
c. Carl Rogers	d. Abraham Maslow
5. Enduring dimensions of personality characteristics differentiating people from another is called:
 

a. Factor analysis	b. Trait	c. Determinism	d. None of these
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6. In Schizophrenia when an individual believes they are in danger, this is referred to as:
 

a. Delusions of grandeur	b. Delusions of persecution
c. Delusions of control	d. Nihilistic delusions
7. Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder and Obsessive-Compulsive Personality Disorder are considered the same thing.
 

a. True	b. False
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8. Positive symptoms of schizophrenia include:
 

a. Delusions and hallucinations	b. Social withdrawal
c. Lack of interest in daily activities	d. All of the above
9. A cognitive therapist is concerned primarily with helping clients change their
 

a. Thinking patterns.	b. Habits	c. Behaviors.	d. Life-styles.
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10. Negative symptoms of schizophrenia are defined as an excess of normal mental functions.
 

a. True	b. False
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11. Which approach would explain depression in terms of disordered thinking?
 

a. The humanistic approach	b. The evolutionary approach
c. The cognitive approach	d. The sociocultural approach
12. The process by which a trained professional uses psychological methods to help people with psychological problem is known as:
 

a. Psychiatry	b. Psychoanalysis	c. Psychotherapy	d. Psychosurgery
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13. Cyclothymic and Dysthymic disorders are types of
- Personality disorders
  - Mood disorders
  - Schizophrenia
  - Anxiety disorders
14. People with schizophrenia who have thought disorders, hallucinations and delusions are said to be experiencing \_\_\_\_\_ symptoms.
- Intrusive
  - Extrusive
  - Positive
  - Negative
15. Tokens as a Symbolic rewards used to encourage positive changes is mostly used by
- Cognitive therapist.
  - Behavioral Therapist
  - Psychoanalysis
  - Sociocultural

Q.2. Illustrate symptoms and sign of any one cluster of personality disorders in detail. 15 Marks  
OR

Q.2. Define Schizophrenia and Write down symptoms of schizophrenia and explain types of schizophrenia.

Q.3. Describe the symptoms and signs of depression and mania. 15 Marks  
OR

Q.3. Define psychotherapy and Discuss objectives of psychoanalysis psychotherapy.

Q.4. Short Notes (Any Two). 15 Marks

1. A woman brings her 25-year-old son to your office for evaluation. She says that he never goes out and she complains that "it is high time he finds himself a girlfriend." In discussing this with the man in private, he reveals that he has never felt comfortable around other people because he feels too much pressure to "perform." He fears rejection.

**Diagnose the personality disorder and write down symptoms of the personality disorder?**

- Obsessive-Compulsive Personality Disorder
- Narcissistic Personality Disorder
- Borderline Personality Disorder
- Avoidant Personality Disorder

2. Symptoms of Depression.

3. Causes of Schizophrenia.

4. Carl Rogers 'Psychotherapy.

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