SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Vallabh Vidyanagar, Gujarat Syllabus with effect from the Academic Year 2021-22

Beicher of Arts U. G.			
B. A. (Socie	ology) Semester: I		
UA01GSOC52	Title of the	Indian Social	
	Course	Institutions	
04	Hours per	04	
	Week		
	B. A. (Socie UA01GSOC52	B. A. (Sociology) Semester: IUA01GSOC52Title of the Course04Hours per	

Belcher of Arts U.G.

Course	1. Students explain basic tenants of Indian social structure and its
Objectives:	(caste, family and marriage) impact and historical changes on sociological studies.
	2.Students examine the caste system role into maintain hierarchical status in
	Indian society and how independent India affect Indian society.
	3. Students explain the meaning and forms of Marriage, the Hindu
	Marriage as a Sacrament.Students judge the contribution of
	Endogamy and Exogamy rules in Indian Marriage Institution and
	role and evolution of Mate Selectionin marriage system.
	Students explain the Muslim Marriage as Contract, the Divorce in
	Muslims and examine evolution Muslim women right in legalized
	manner.

Course (Content:	
Unit	Description	Weightage (%)
1.	Social Institutions: > Meaning of Social Institution. > Characteristics of Social Institution. > Functions of Social Institution. > Process of Institutionalization.	25%
2.	Caste as a Social Institution: Meaning of caste Characteristics of Caste Function and Dysfunction of caste Change in caste system: (a)Factors affected for change to caste system in Independent India. (b)Change in caste system in Independent India. 	25%
3.	 Family as a Social Institution: ➤ Meaning and Common characteristics of Family ➤ Types of Family: (a) Joint Family: 	25%

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		Meaning and characteristics of Traditional Joint	
		family	
		Function and Dysfunction of Traditional Joint	
		family	
	(b) Nuclear Family: Meaning and characteristics of	
		Nuclear family	
	≻ F	Factors affection to change in family system	
	> (Change in Indian family system	
4.	Marriage	e as a Social Institution:	
	> N	Meaning of Marriage.	
	r ∢	Types of marriage (Monogamy, Polyandry and Polygamy	
		The Hindu Marriage as a Sacrament	
		Rules of Endogamy and Exogamy	25%
	≻ F	Factors affecting to change in Marriage Institution.	
		The Muslim Marriage as Contract	
		The Divorce in Muslims	
Teaching- L	earning	(1)Unit No. 1 can be learned by Question – Answer Met	hods.
Methodolog	-	(2)Unit No. 2 can be learned by class discussion Method	
		will discussed various aspects of Indian Caste System in	
		Society.	
		(3)Unit No. 3 can be learned by Think Pair Share. Studen	nts will
		share ideas about Indian Family System and comparative	
		western individualistic family concept.	, y jaage o j
		(4)Unit No. 4 can be learned by Discussion Panel. One P	Panel will
		ask questions about Marriage Institution in India. Other I	
		answer and discussed about Marriage Institution and Stu	
		learned by debate on the Muslim Marriage as Contract and	
		in Muslims.	
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Evaluation Pattern		
Sr.	Details of the Evaluation	Weightage
No.		
1.	Internal Written / Practical Examination (As per CBCS R.6.8.3)	15%
2.	Internal Continuous Assessment in the form	15%
	Quizzes OR Seminars (5%),	
	➤ Assignments (5%),	
	➤ Attendance (5%)	
3.	University Examination	70%

Course	Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to
1.	Students will explain the Social Institutions as Caste, Family and Marriage in
	India.
2.	Students will be able to understand the caste Institution. Students will be able to
	evaluate Independent Indian perspective and change Caste system in Indian
	society, various factors for change in caste Institution.
3.	Students will be able to describe the meaning and types of marriage, the Hindu
	Marriage as a Sacrament, roles of Endogamy and Exogamy.Students will be able
	to determine the Muslim Marriage as Contract, the Divorce in Muslims.

Suggested References:	
Sr. No.	References
1.	Majumdar: Social Structure.
2.	Gazetter of Bombay Presidency
3.	Grierson G. A. Linguistic Survey of India
4.	Risely H.: The People of India
5.	Shaer Robert: Ethnography of Ancient India
6.	Altekar A. S. : The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization
7.	Majumdar & Madan : Social Anthropology
8.	Shrinivas M. N.: Religion & Society Among the Coorgs of South India.
9.	Shrinivas M. N. : Caste in Modern India
10	Hill chapel : A Scientific Theory of Culture
11.	Herskovits M. J. : Acculturation, A Study in Culture Contact.
12.	Majumdar D. N. : The Fortunes of Primitive Tribes.
13.	Ghurye G. S. : The Aboriginals So Called & Their Future.

 On-line resources to be used if available as reference material

 On-line Resources for Journal:

 (1) "Arthat" in Gujarati, Centre for Social Studies, Udhana, Surat, Gujarat.

 (2) "Nirikshak" in Gujarati, fort nightly , Ahmedabad. Gujarat.

 (3) "Naya Marg" in Gujarati, Monthly, Ahmedabad, Gujarat.

 (4) "Yojana" in Gujarati, Monthly, Ahmedabad, Gujarat.

 (5) "Sociological Bulletin," tri – annually, Indian Sociological Society,

 www.sagepublishing.com

 (6)"Social Action" A Quarterly Review of Social Trends, Delhi, India

 www.isidelhi.org.in

 (7)N. List (Inflibnet) Gandhinagar, Gujarat.

 (8)UGC – Online Network resources

 (9)MOOC Program through SWAYAM.

 (10)L sere through Ordina content bits XOUTURE

(10)Learn through Online content like YOUTUBE

(11) Online Books of IGNOU, TECH-ED, BRITANICA EN CYCLOPEDIA