SARDARPATELUNIVERSITY B.Sc. Microbiology Semester: III With Effect From: June – 2024 (Major subject)

Course Code	US03MAMIC01	Title of the Course	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY
Total Credits of the Course	4	Hours per Week	4

Course Objectives: To make the students familiar v • Introduction to concepts microbiologist • Nutrient uptake and tran • Methods of reproduction growth of different type • Control of microorganis • Concepts of chemothera		 To make the students familiar with: Introduction to concepts of growth of prokaryotes for a microbiologist Nutrient uptake and transport Methods of reproduction in prokaryotes and concepts or growth of different types. Control of microorganisms both by physical and chemic Concepts of chemotherapy 	f bacterial cal agents.
Course	e Content		
Unit	Descript	ion:	weightage%
1.	 CONCEPTS OF GROWTH: I A. Basic concepts a) Nutrient Uptake and transport b). Modes of reproduction(cell division) in bacteria B. Growth in prokaryotes: a) Introduction b) Mathematical nature and expression of growth c) Normal growth curve of microbial population in batch culture system: lag phase, exponential phase, stationary phase, death phase, and transitional periods between growth phases. 		
2	CONCEPTS OF GROWTH:II a)Diauxic growth, b) continuous culture, c)Synchronous growth d)Measurement of Bacterial Growth : Direct Microscopic Count • Electronic Enumeration of Cell Numbers • The Plate Count Method • Membrane-Filter Count • Turbidimetric Methods • Determination of Nitrogen Content • Determination of the Dry Weight of Cells • Measurement of a Specific Chemical Change Produced on a Constituent of the Medium • The Relation of Turbidity Measurements to Direct Expressions of Growth e) Factors affecting growth of bacteria: Temperature, gaseous requirements, oxygen toxicity, pH and miscellaneous physical requirements.		25



3.	 CONTROL OF MICROORGANISMS BY PHYSICAL AGENTS A. Fundamentals of control a) Definition of terms: Sterilization, Germicide, Microbicide, Bacteriocide and Bacteriostasis b) The Rate of Death of Bacteria c) Condition influencing antimicrobial action d) Mode of action of antimicrobial agents. B. Physical agents a) High temperature b) Low temperature c) Desiccation d) Osmotic pressure e) Radiation f) Surface Tension and Interfacialtension g) Filtration 	25%
4.	 Control of Microorganism by Chemical agents A. Chemical agents a) Definition of terms: Sterilization, disinfectant, Antiseptic, Antimicrobial agent b) Characteristics of an ideal antimicrobial chemical agents c) Selection of chemical agent d) Major groups of chemical Antimicrobial agents:Examples, list of applications and mode of actions of:Phenol and phenolic compounds Alcohols Halogens Heavy metals and their compounds, Dyes, Detergents , Quaternary ammonium compounds, Aldehydes-Formaldehyde, Gaseous agents-Ethylene oxide e) Evaluation of antimicrobial chemical agents B.Chemotherapeutic agents a) Chemotherapeutic agents. Antibiotics: Definition, Characteristics of antibiotics that qualify them as chemotherapeutic agents. Antibiotics and their mode of action: i) Inhibition of cell wall synthesis: penicillins, bacitracin ii) Damage to cytoplasmic membrane iii) Inhibition of specific enzyme systems: sulphonamides 	

Teaching- Learning Methodology



Evaluation Pattern		
Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation	Weightage
1.	Internal Written CEE.	50%
2.	University Examination	50%

Course Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learnerwill be able to:
 Have understanding of growth of prokaryotes in batch culture, continuous culture and their applications.
 Have a better understanding about fundamentals of control and various terms such as sanitizers, disinfectants, germicidal agents etc.
 Have knowledge about varied physical and chemical agents for the control of microorganisms.

Suggested References:		
Sr. No.	References:	
1.	"Microbiology" – Michael J. Pelczar, E.C.S.Chan and Noel R. Krieg, 5th edition, Tata McGRAW –HILL Edition, 1993.	
2.	A handbook of elementary Microbiology by H.A. Modi, Shanti Prakashan, Rohtak Haryana	
3.	Principles of Microbiology, Ronald m. Atlas, 2 nd Edition, Wm. C. Brown publishers, 1995	





SARDARPATELUNIVERSITY B.Sc. Microbiology Semester: III With Effect From: June – 2024 (Major subject)

Course Code	US03MAMIC02	Title of the Course	Elements of Microbiology
Total Credits of the Course	04	Hours per Week	04

Course Objectives:	 To know about diversity in microorganisms. To know general characteristics and significance of eukaryotic microbes: fungi, algae and protozoa. To understand about viruses as acellular microbes. To know about sub viral entities like prions and viroids To make student know about bacteria with unusual properties. To make students know about basic principles of instruments used in Microbiology.
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Course Content		
Unit	Description	Weightage* (%)
1.	Eukaryotic Microbes: The Fungi a) General characters of fungi i. Thallus ii. Kinds of mycelia iii. Structure of fungal cell iv. Fungal flagella v. Aggregation and modification of hyphae vi. Nutrition in fungi vii. Reproduction in fungi Viii Parasexual cycle b) Economic importance of fungi 	25%
2.	 Eukaryotic and acellular Microbes: Algae, Protozoa and Introduction to Viruses a) Algae: introduction,occurence,Biological and economicalimportance,morphology,pigments, motility,reproduction. b) Protozoa: occurence, ecology, symbiotic protozoa, importance, morphology, reproduction. c) Viruses: General properties of viruses: Introduction, Morphology, chemical properties, viral multiplication,and cultivation of viruses. d) Subviral particles: Introduction to Prions, Viroids. 	25%



3.	 Prokaryotes with different / unusual properties a) Bacteria with unusual morphology (i)Budding and appendaged bacteria (ii) Filamentous bacteria: actinomycetes iii)Sheathed bacteria iv)Mycoplasma v) cynobacteria vi) spirochaetes b) Bacteria with gliding motility introduction, Myxobacters and Baggiotoa c) Rickettsia and chlamydia d) Archaebacteria 	25%
4.	 Basic Instruments and techniques to study Microbiology a) Spectroscopy: Beers and Lamberts law, Principle , working and application of UV and visible spectrophotometer b) Centrifugation: Principles of centrifugation, separation methods in preparative centrifugation, differential and density gradient centrifugation c) Chromatography : Principles of chromatography, Types of chromatography working and applications of Thin Layer Chromatography 	

Teaching- Learning Methodology	The teaching- learning process will consist of lectures (large group) in which the teacher will use aids such aschalk as well as make power point presentation to introduce the topics encompassing the basic concepts of the subject. Growing fungi in labs, observing protozoa and algae in hay infusion and other natural samples. Can also arrange photography sessions and can have albums of various fungi and mushrooms in rainy season at their natural habitat.
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Evaluation Pattern		
Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation	Weightage
1.	Internal Examination CEE	50%
3.	University Examination	50%



Course Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to			
1.	Gain knowledge of general characteristics and importance of fungi, algae, protozoa, and viruses.		
2.	Give examples of bacteria with unusual properties and can get knowledge of diverse groups of bacteria with distinguish characteristics.		
3.	Understand importance of normal microbiota of human body and can give examples of bacteria and other microbes present in various parts of the healthy human body.		
4.	Understand types Instruments and techniques to study microbiology		

Suggested References:			
Sr. No.	References		
1.	"Microbiology" – Michael J. Pelczar, E.C.S.Chan and Noel R. Krieg, 5th edition, Tata McGRAW –HILL Edition,1993		
2	Prescott L, Harley J P, and Klein D A, Microbiology, 7 th edition. WmC.Brown - McGraw Hill, Dubuque, IA ltd.		
3.	Biophysical chemistry: Principles and techniques by Upadhyay Upadhyay and Nath		

On-line Resources



SARDARPATELUNIVERSITY B.Sc. Microbiology Semester: III With Effect From: June – 2024 (Major subject)

Course code	US03MAMIC03	Title of the Course	Practical in Microbiology for SEM-3 Section 1 and 2
Total Credits of the Course	04	Hours per Week	08

Course Objectives:	 To demonstrate: Understanding of how environmental factors affect the growth of microorganisms. The use of instruments like visible spectrophotometer, centrifuge machine, Autoclave, hot air oven Cultivation and study of eukaryotic microbes like yeast and fungi Practical knowledge of control of micro organisms
	• Fractical knowledge of control of micro organisms

Course Content			
No.	Practicals of Microbiology for B.Sc.SEM-3	Weight age* (%)	
	SECTION-1		
1.	Measuring growth of bacteria by Standard plate count method.		
2.	Effect of environmental factors on the growth of Bacteria :Temperature		
3	Effect of environmental factors on the growth of Bacteria : pH		
4.	Study of Oligodynamic action of Heavy Metal on bacteria.		
5.	Spectrum Study of an antibiotic by Agar ditch method.		
6.	Effect of antimicrobial agents on the growth of bacteria by paper disc method (Antibiotic, Phenol, Crystal Violet, HgCl ₂).		
7	Study and demonstration of how to use instruments: visible spectrophotometer, centrifuge machine, Autoclave, hot air oven.		



	SECTION-2
8.	Study of eucaryotic microbes in hay infusion
9	Isolation and cultivation of yeast
10	Cultivation and Study of fungi: <i>Aspergillus, Penicillium, Rhizopus</i> and <i>Mucor</i> .
11	To Study cultural characteristics of actinomycetes : filamentous bacteria
12	Study of viral and fungal diseases of plants: Mosaic, red rot, rust, smut, wilt, Leaf curl, powdery mildew, downy mildew.

Teaching- Learning Methodology	• By briefing them with the theoretical aspects as well as providing them with the protocol (Aim, Requirements and Procedure) of the experiment to be performed using chalk and duster as well as power point presentation
	 Students are trained for microscope observations and its handling. Demonstrations of the practical are also carried out and care is taken for aseptic handling and skill development for microbiological work in the laboratory. Possibility of various results and their interpretation is also discussed.

Evaluation Pattern			
Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation	Weightage	
1.	Internal Examination (CCE)	50%	
2.	University Examination	50%	
	During practical examination; student should have a certified journal duly signed by head of department and the teacher in charge at the time of examination.		



Course Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to:			
1.	Learn the use of common laboratory equipments like spectrophotometer, autoclave, centrifuge and hot air oven		
2.	Become proficient at safety procedures and microbial handling techniques.		
3.	Acquire requisite laboratory skills in cultivation of different microorganisms.		
4.	Comprehend the basic fundamental knowledge of how microorganisms respond to environmental factors like temperature, pH, various chemicals and antibiotics.		
5.	Learn to cultivate and observe various types of prokaryotes and Eucaryotes.		

Suggested References:			
Sr. No.	References		
1.	Experimental Microbiology - RakeshJ.Patel&Kiran R. Patel, Volume I		
2.	Practical Microbiology- Dr. R.C. Dubey and Dr. D.K. Maheshwari (Revised edition), S. Chand publication		
3.	Microbiology : A Practical Approach – Dr Bhavesh Patel and Dr NandiniPhanse		



SARDARPATELUNIVERSITY B.Sc. Microbiology Semester: III With Effect From: June – 2024 (Minor subject)

Course Code	US03MIMIC01	Title of the Course	Introduction to microbial physiology
Total Credits of the Course	2	Hours per Week	2

Course Content			
Unit	Description:	weightage%	
1.	 CONCEPTS OF GROWTH A. Basic concepts a) Nutrient Uptake and transport b). Modes of reproduction(cell division) in bacteria B. Growth in prokaryotes: a) Introduction b) Mathematical nature and expression of growth c) Normal growth curve of microbial population in batch culture system: lag phase, exponential phase, stationary phase, death phase, and transitional periods between growth phases. 	50%	
2.	 CONTROL OF MICROORGANISMS Definition of terms: Sterilization, Germicide, Microbicide, Bacteriocide and Bacteriostasis Physical agents a) High temperature b) Low temperature Antibiotics: a) Definition, Characteristics of antibiotics that qualify them as chemotherapeutic agents. b) Antibiotics and their mode of action: i) Inhibition of cell wall synthesis: penicillins, bacitracin ii) Damage to cytoplasmic membrane iii) Inhibition of nucleic acid and protein synthesis: streptomycin iv) Inhibition of specific enzyme systems: sulphonamides 	50%	

Teaching- Learning Methodology	 The major teaching- learning consists of lectures and discussions (large group) in which the teacher makes a use of chalk and talk as well as power point presentation to introduce the learning objectives related to the basic concepts of the subject. These sessions incorporate space for participation and involvement of students through questions.
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Evaluation Pattern			
Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation	Weightage	
1.	Internal Continuous Assessment in the form of Practical, Viva-voce, Quizzes, Seminars, Assignments, Attendance, etc	50%	
2.	University Examination	50%	

Cou	Course Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to:		
1.	Have understanding of growth of prokaryotes in batch culture, continuous culture and their applications.		
2.	Have a better understanding about fundamentals of control and various terms such as sanitizers, disinfectants, germicidal agents etc.		
3	Have knowledge about varied physical and chemical agents for the control of microorganisms.		

Sugges	Suggested References:		
Sr. No.	References:		
1.	Microbiology - Michael J. Pelczar JR.; E.C.S.Chan; Noel R. Krieg. Fifth edition		
2.	Elementary Microbiology Vol : I – Dr. H.A. Modi		
3.	"Microbiology" Prescott L, Harley J P, and Klein D A, 6th edition. WmC.Brown - McGraw Hill, Dubuque, IA Ltd.		



SARDARPATELUNIVERSITY B.Sc. Microbiology Semester: III With Effect From: June – 2024 (Minor subject)

Course Code	US3MIMIC02	Title of the	Microbiology Practicals
		Course	
Total Credits	n	Hours per	4
of the Course	2	Week	
Course Objectives:	 Understan microorgat The use o machine, A Get praction 	iding of how en nisms. f instruments l Autoclave, hot ai cal knowledge of	avironmental factors affect the growth of ike visible spectrophotometer, centrifuge r oven f control of micro organisms

Course Content:		
Sr. No.	Practicals:	Weightage (%)
1.	Effect of environmental factors on the growth of Bacteria :Temperature	
2.	Effect of environmental factors on the growth of Bacteria : pH	
3.	Study of Oligodynamic action of Heavy Metal on bacteria.	
4	Spectrum Study of an antibiotic by Agar ditch method.	
5	Effect of antimicrobial agents on the growth of bacteria by paper disc method (Antibiotic, Phenol, Crystal Violet, HgCl ₂).	
6.	Study and demonstration of how to use instruments: visible spectrophotometer, centrifuge machine, Autoclave, hot air oven.	

Teaching- Learning Methodology	 By briefing them with the theoretical aspects as well as providing them with the protocol (Aim, Requirements and Procedure) of the experiment to be performed using chalk and duster as well as power point presentation. Students are trained for microscopic observations and its handling. Demonstrations of the practical are also carried out and care is taken for aseptic handling and skill development for microbiological work in the laboratory. Possibility of various results and their interpretation is also discussed.
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Eval	Evaluation Pattern:			
Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation:	Weightage %		
1	Internal Examination (CCE)	50%		
2	University Examination	50%		
3	During practical examination; student should have a certified journal duly signed by head of department and the teacher in charge at the time of examination.			

Cou	Course Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to:		
1.	Learn the use of common laboratory equipments like spectrophotometer, autoclave, centrifuge and hot air oven		
2.	Become proficient at safety procedures and microbial handling techniques.		
3.	Acquire requisite laboratory skills in cultivation of different microorganisms.		
4.	Comprehend the basic fundamental knowledge of how microorganisms respond to environmental factors like temperature, pH, various chemicals and antibiotics.		

Sugges	Suggested References:		
Sr. No.	References:		
1.	Experimental Microbiology - Rakesh J. Patel & Kiran R. Patel, Volume-I		
2.	Practical Microbiology- Dr. R.C. Dubey and Dr. D.K. Maheshwari (Revised edition), S. Chand publication		
3.	Microbiology : A Practical Approach – Dr Bhavesh Patel and Dr NandiniPhanse		



SARDARPATELUNIVERSITY B.Sc. Microbiology Semester: III With Effect From: June – 2024 (Inter disciplinary)

Course Code	US03IDMIC01	Title of the Course	Introduction to control of Microorganisms
Total Credits of the Course	2	Hours per Week	2

Course Objectives:	 To make the students familiar with: Control of microorganisms both by physical and chemical agents. Concepts of chemotherapy Antibiotics and their use
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Course Content		
Unit	Description:	weightage%
1.	 Control by physical agents A. Fundamentals of control a) Definition of terms: Sterilization, Germicide, Microbicide, Bacteriocide and Bacteriostasis b) Condition influencing antimicrobial action c) Mode of action of antimicrobial agents. B. Physical agents a) High temperature b) Low temperature c) Radiation d) Filtration 	50%

2.	Control by Antibiotics:	50%
	Antibiotics: Definition, Characteristics of antibiotics that qualify them	
	as chemotherapeutic agents.	
	Antibiotics and their mode of action:	
	i) Inhibition of cell wall synthesis: penicillins, bacitracin	
	ii) Damage to cytoplasmic membrane	
	iii) Inhibition of nucleic acid and protein synthesis: streptomycin	
	iv) Inhibition of specific enzyme systems: sulphonamides	
	1	



Teaching- Learning Methodology	 The major teaching- learning consists of lectures and discussions (large group) in which the teacher makes a use of chalk and talk as well as power point presentation to introduce the learning objectives related to the basic concepts of the subject. These sessions incorporate space for participation and involvement of students through questions.
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Evaluation Pattern		
Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation	Weightage
2.	Internal Continuous Assessment in the form of Practical, Viva-voce, Quizzes, Seminars, Assignments, Attendance, etc	50%
3.	University Examination	50%

Course Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to:	
1.	Understand how micro organisms are controlled by physical agents
2.	Gets the knowledge of antibiotics and their use.

Sugges	Suggested References:	
Sr. No.	References:	
1.	Microbiology - Michael J. Pelczar JR.; E.C.S.Chan; Noel R. Krieg. Fifth edition	
2.	Elementary Microbiology Vol : I – Dr. H.A. Modi	
3.	"Microbiology" Prescott L, Harley J P, and Klein D A, 6th edition. WmC.Brown - McGraw Hill, Dubuque, IA Ltd.	



SARDARPATELUNIVERSITY B.Sc. Microbiology Semester: III With Effect From: June – 2024 (Inter disciplinary)

Course Code	US03IDMIC02	Title of the	Microbiology Practical
	es commence	Course	
Total Credits	2	Hours per	4
of the Course	2	Week	
Course Objectives:	To demonstrate: • Understanding o • Microbial handli • Basic skills like illustrating staini microscope.	f various laborat ng techniques ar preparation of s ng techniques	fory equipment and use of microscope. Ind disposal of laboratory waste. mear, culture media & reagents as well as to visualize bacterial cell using light

Course Content:		
Sr. No.	Practical: Based on theory course :	Weightage (%)
1.	Study of Oligodynamic action of Heavy Metal on bacteria.	
2.	Spectrum Study of an antibiotic by Agar ditch method.	
3.	Effect of antimicrobial agents on the growth of bacteria by paper disc method (Antibiotic, Phenol, Crystal Violet, HgCl ₂).	
4	Study and demonstration of how to use instruments: Autoclave	100 %
5	Study and demonstration of how to use instruments: bacteriological filters	
6	Study and demonstration of how to use instruments: hot air oven	

Teaching- Learning Methodology	 By briefing them with the theoretical aspects as well as providing them with the protocol (Aim, Requirements and Procedure) of the experiment to be performed using chalk and duster as well as power point presentation. Students are trained for microscopic observations and its handling. Demonstrations of the practical are also carried out and care is taken for aseptic handling and skill development for microbiological work in the laboratory. Possibility of various results and their interpretation is also discussed.
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Evalu	Evaluation Pattern:	
Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation:	Weightage %
1	Internal Evaluation CCE	50%
2.	External University Examination	50%
3	During practical examination; student should have a certified journal duly signed by head of department and the teacher in charge at the time of examination.	

Cou	rse Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to:
1.	Learn the use of common laboratory equipments like spectrophotometer, autoclave, centrifuge and hot air oven
2.	Become proficient at safety procedures and microbial handling techniques.
3.	Comprehend the basic fundamental knowledge of how microorganisms can be controlled by agents like dry heat, vapour under pressure, , various chemicals and antibiotics.

Sugges	Suggested References:	
Sr. No.	References:	
1.	Experimental Microbiology - Rakesh J. Patel & Kiran R. Patel, Volume-I	
2.	Practical Microbiology- Dr. R.C. Dubey and Dr. D.K. Maheshwari (Revised edition), S. Chand publication	

